TA0066 Servo and Motor Controller Shield

1 Introduction

The TA0066 Servo and Motor Controller Shield can control 2 DC hobby servos that run on 5V and up to 4 DC motors or 2 stepper motors (or 1 stepper and up to 2 DC motors) that run on 5-12VDC.

2. What pins are used on the motor shield?

All 6 analog input pins are available. They can also be used as digital pins (pins #14 thru 19) Digital pin 2, and 13 are not used.

The following pins are in use only if the DC/Stepper noted is in use:

Digital pin 11: DC Motor #1 / Stepper #1 (activation/speed control)

Digital pin 3: DC Motor #2 / Stepper #1 (activation/speed control)

Digital pin 5: DC Motor #3 / Stepper #2 (activation/speed control)

Digital pin 6: DC Motor #4 / Stepper #2 (activation/speed control)

The following pins are in use if any DC/steppers are used

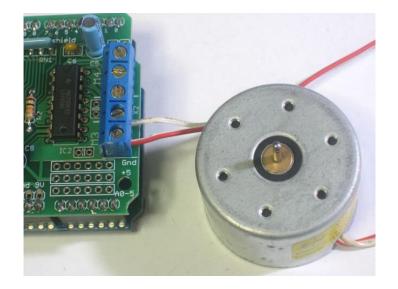
Digital pin 4, 7, 8 and 12 are used to drive the DC/Stepper motors via the 74HC595 serial-to-parallel latch

The following pins are used only if that particular servo is in use:

Digitals pin 9: Servo #1 control Digital pin 10: Servo #2 control

3. Example

Here is an example to control a DC Motor through port M3.



********Code begin******

```
// Adafruit Motor shield library
// this code is public domain, enjoy!
#include <AFMotor.h>
AF_DCMotor motor(3);
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
                                  // set up Serial library at 9600 bps
  Serial.println("Motor test!");
  // turn on motor
  motor.setSpeed(200);
  motor.run(RELEASE);
}
void loop() {
  uint8_t i;
  Serial.print("tick");
  motor.run(FORWARD);
  for (i=0; i<255; i++) {
     motor.setSpeed(i);
     delay(10);
 }
```

```
motor.setSpeed(i);
     delay(10);
 }
  Serial.print("tock");
  motor.run(BACKWARD);
  for (i=0; i<255; i++) {
     motor.setSpeed(i);
     delay(10);
 }
  for (i=255; i!=0; i--) {
     motor.setSpeed(i);
     delay(10);
 }
  Serial.print("tech");
  motor.run(RELEASE);
  delay(1000);
}
********Code End*******
```

for (i=255; i!=0; i--) {